



*ALBEDO Ether.Sync is a field tester that supports absolutely all Ethernet standards and functionalities you need to install, commission and troubleshoot telecom services based on GbE, SyncE, PTP, Jitter and Wander.*

## Datasheet

# ALBEDO Ether.Sync

Ether.Sync is a dual port tester, multistream and compatible with the new ITU-T standards. The equipment includes traffic generation and analysis features up to 1 Gbit/s, equivalent to 1.5 millions of frames, if frame size is set to 64 bytes. If the equipment is connected in through mode, it accepts and forwards frames at wirespeed.

## 1. CONNECTORS

- Operation over two Gigabit Ethernet physical interfaces (Port A, Port B) based either on SFPs or RJ45 connectors
- Port C: Unbalanced (BNC) 75  $\Omega$  / balanced (RJ-45) 120  $\Omega$
- Smart Serial universal datacom connector for the DTE and DCE (all datacom interfaces)
- Analogue voice frequency audio port

## 2. OPERATION MODES

- *Ethernet Endpoint operation:* The equipment generates and receives Ethernet PCS codes and Ethernet frames
- *IP Endpoint operation:* The equipment generates and receives IPv4 datagrams
- *IP / Ethernet Through operation:* Traffic is forwarded between port A and B

## 3. ETHERNET PHY

### 3.1 Interfaces

- *SFP:* 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, 100BASE-FX, 1000BASE-T, 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX, 1000BASE-ZX
- *RJ-45:* 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, 1000BASE-T
- On/off laser control for optical interfaces

### 3.2 Auto-Negotiation

- Rate negotiation, allow 10 / 100 / 1000 Mb/s
- Ability to disable auto-negotiation and force line settings

## 4. POWER OVER ETHERNET (PoE)

### 4.1 Types

- PoE (IEEE 802.3af-2003) and PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at-2009) detection
- PoE (IEEE 802.3af), PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at), non-standard, none

### 4.2 Interfaces

- 10BASE-T, 100BASE-T and 1000BASE-TX through attached RJ-45 ports A and B

### 4.3 Modes

- Endpoint. Voltage between pairs 1-2 / 3-6 and 4-5 / 7-8.
- Through. Voltage and current in pairs 1-2/ 3-6 and 4-5 / 7-8

## 5. SYNCHRONOUS ETHERNET (ITU-T O.174)

### 5.1 Interfaces

- 100BASE-TX and 1000BASE-T through the attached RJ-45 ports. 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX, 1000BASE-ZX and 1000BASE-BX through external SFP

### 5.2 Operation

- Analysis of synchronous Ethernet signal in Ethernet endpoint, IP Endpoint and Through modes, generation of synchronous Ethernet signal in Ethernet endpoint and IP Endpoint modes. Transparent synchronous Ethernet pass-through in Through mode
- Configuration of internal, external or recovered clock in Ethernet interfaces
- Fixed freq. offset generation on transmitted signals with maximum value of  $\pm 150$  ppm as per ITU-T O.174 (11/2009) 8.2.1
- Sinusoidal wander generation on Ethernet interfaces.
- Generation, decoding and transparent forwarding (Through mode) of the ESMC and the SSM code carried in. Transmission and reception of "hear-beat" and event SSM messages is subject to ITU-T G.8264 clauses 11.3.2.1 and 11.3.2.2.
- QL to be transported by the SSM is encoded as specified in ITU-T G.781 clauses 5.5.2.1 (Option I), 5.5.2.2 (Option II) and 5.5.2.3 (Option III)

### 5.3 Analysis

- Measurement of the line frequency (MHz), frequency offset (ppm) and frequency drift (ppm/s) as specified in ITU-T O.174 (11/2009) clause 10
- TIE / MTIE / TDEV measurement on Ethernet interfaces following ITU-T O.172 clause 10
- Decoding of the QL transported in SSM as per ITU-T G.781 clauses 5.5.3.1 (Option I), 5.5.3.2 (Option II) and 5.5.3.3 (Option III)

## 6. CLOCK REFERENCES

### 6.1 Internal

- Internal time reference better than  $\pm 3.0$  ppm. Optional internal reference better than  $\pm 0.1$  ppm

## 6.2 Through

- Ethernet through Port B (over any valid electrical / optical synchronous Ethernet interface, not available for Port B or when through mode is configured)

## 6.3 External

- 2048 Mb/s, 2048 MHz, 1544 Mb/s, 1544 MHz through Port C (balanced or unbalanced), 10 MHz
- 2048 Mb/s, 2048 MHz, 1544 Mb/s, 1544 MHz through through DCE datacom port (unbalanced interface, BNC connector adapter)
- Optional one-pulse-per-second (PPS) synchronization through a RJ45 interface

## 6.4 Output

- Clock Output 2048 kHz

## 7. ETHERNET MAC

- Traffic generation and analysis features up to 1 Gb/s (1.5 millions of frames, if frame size is set to 64 bytes)
- Frame formats: *DIX*, *IEEE 802.1Q*, *IEEE 802.1ad*
- Support for Jumbo frames with MTU up to 10 kB
- Setting of *source* and *destination MAC addresses* as a single value or as a range
- Setting of the *Type / Length* value
- Configuration of *VID* and *priority codepoint* in VLAN modes
- In Q-in-Q / IEEE 802.1ad modes, configuration of the S-VLAN *VID*, *DEI* and *priority codepoint*. Configuration of the C-VLAN *VID* and *priority codepoint*
- Configuration of the *frame size*

## 8. IPV4

- Configuration of *source* and *destination IPv4 addresses* as a single value or as a range
- Configuration of *DSCP CoS labels*, *TTL*, *transport protocol*
- If transport protocol is UDP, support of UDP frame with *source* and *destination port* configuration

## 9. TRAFFIC GENERATOR

- Generation over 8 independent streams. Each stream has its own specific bandwidth profile, pattern configuration

### 9.1 Bandwidth Profiles

- Generation modes: *Continuous*, *Periodic burst*, *Ramp* and *Poisson*

### 9.2 Test Patterns and Payloads

- Layer 2-4 BER test patterns: *PRBS 2<sup>11</sup>-1*, *PRBS 2<sup>15</sup>-1*, *PRBS 2<sup>20</sup>-1*, *PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1*, *PRBS 2<sup>31</sup>-1* along with their inverted versions and user (32 bits). These patterns apply to stream 1 only
- Test payload for SLA tests
- All zeros* test pattern

## 10. FILTER

- Up to 8 simultaneous filters can be applied to the traffic
- The equipment supports a generic filter which can select frames by using a *16 bit mask* and an arbitrary *offset* defined by the user

### 10.1 Ethernet Selection

- By *source* and *destination MAC addresses*. Selection of MAC address sets with masks
- By *Type / Length* value with selection mask
- By *C-VID* and *S-VID* with selection mask
- By *service* and *customer priority codepoint* value with selection mask

### 10.2 IPv4 Selection

- Selection by *IPv4 source* or *destination* address. It is possible to select address sets by using masks

- Selection by *protocol*

- Selection by *DSCP value*

### 10.3 UDP Selection

- Selection by *UDP port*. Either as a single value or a ranges

## 11. PHY RESULTS

### 11.1 Cable Tests

- Optical power measurement (transmitted and received power) over compatible SFP transceivers
- For inactive links: Open/short fault indication and distance to fault in metres (accuracy: 1 m)
- For 10/100 Mb/s active links, the following results are reported: current local port MDI/MDI-X status
- For 1 Gb/s active links the following results are reported: current local port MDI/MDI-X status, pair polarities (normal/inverted), pair skew (ns)

### 11.2 Auto-Negotiation

- Bit rate* and *duplex mode*

### 11.3 SFP

- SFP presence*, current *interface*, *vendor*, and *part number*

## 12. FRAME ANALYSIS

- Support of *local one-way* (port A-port B) and *two-way* (port A-port A) test modes
- Separate traffic statistics for Port A and B

### 12.1 Ethernet Statistics

- Frame counts: *Ethernet*, *VLAN*, *IEEE 802.1ad frames*, *Q-in-Q frames*, *control frames*, *pause frames*
- Frame counts: *unicast*, *multicast* and *broadcast*
- Basic error analysis: *FCS errors*, *undersized frames*, *oversized frames*, *jabbers*
- Frame size counts: *64 or less*, *65-127*, *128-255*, *256-511*, *512-1023*, *1024-1518*, *1519-1522*, *1523-1526* and *1527-MTU* bytes

### 12.2 IP Statistics

- Packet counts: *IPv4 packets*
- Packet counts: *unicast*, *multicast* and *broadcast*
- UDP packets*, *ICMP packets*
- IPv4 errors*, *UDP errors*

### 12.3 Bandwidth Statistics

- Current*, *maximum*, *minimum* and *average* (transmitted and received) traffic figures for port A and B
- Ethernet traffic statistics expressed in bits per second, frames per second and a percentage of the nominal channel capacity
- Unicast*, *multicast* and *broadcast* traffic figures expressed as a percentage of the nominal channel capacity
- IP statistics (bits per second)
- UDP traffic (bits per second)

## 13. SLA STATISTICS

- Multistream SLA analysis
- Delay statistics: ITU-T Y.1563 *FTD* (current, minimum, maximum, and mean values)
- Delay variation statistics: ITU-T Y.1563 *FTD* (standard deviation), ITU-T Y.1563 *FDV* (peak), RFC1889 / RFC 3393 *jitter* (current, maximum and mean values)
- Duplicated packets, out-of-order packets
- Frame loss: ITU-T Y.1563 *FLR*
- Availability statistics: *SES* and ITU-T Y.1563 *PEU*

### 13.1 BER

- Bit error count*, *seconds with errors*, *bit error ratio* (BER)
- Pattern losses*, *pattern loss seconds*

### 13.2 Network Exploration

- *Top talkers* statistics: Displays the 25 most common source MAC / IP addresses
- *Top V/D* (IEEE 802.1Q) or *C-V/D* (IEEE 802.1ad): Displays the 25 most common VID / C-VID tags

## 14. AUTOMATIC TESTS

- The equipment supports automatic normalized tests defined in IETF RFC 2544 and ITU-T Y.1564 (eSAM)
- Support of *local one-way* (port A - port B) and *two-way* (port A - port A) tests
- Support of Ethernet and IP test modes

### 14.1 IETF RFC 2544 Test

- Support of RFC-2544 *throughput*, *frame-loss*, *latency*, *back-to-back* and *recovery time* tests

### 14.2 eSAM Test

- Testing of up to eight services (non-color-aware mode) or up to four services (color-aware mode)
- Configuration of the *CIR* and *EIR* for each service
- Configuration tests (*CIR*, *EIR* and *policing*) with *FTD*, *FDV*, *FLR* results for each service
- Performance test with *FTD*, *FDV*, *FLR* and *availability* results for all services

## 15. PORT LOOPBACK

- Layer 1-4 loopback
- Loop frames matching current filtering conditions or loop all frames in layer 2-4 loopbacks
- Loop controls for broadcast and ICMP frames

## 16. PING AND TRACE-ROUTE

- Generation of on demand *ICMP echo request* (RFC 792) messages with custom destination IP address, packet length and packet generation interval
- Analysis of *ICMP echo reply* (RFC 792) messages with measurement of round trip time and lost packets
- Analysis of *ICMP Time-To-Live Exceeded* replies received in the trace-route test

## 17. PROTOCOLS

- *ARP* (IETF RFC 826)
- *DNS* (IETF RFC 1034, RFC 1035)
- *DHCP* (client side) (IETF RFC 2131)
- *Trace-route* application using UDP or ICMP

## 18. PTP - EEE 1588-2008 (v2)

### 18.1 General

- PTP protocol generation and analysis runs in Port A
- Operation: IEEE 1588-2008 endpoint emulation in Ethernet endpoint, IP Endpoint (Port A). Transparent, non-intrusive IEEE 1588 pass-through monitoring in Through mode
- Support of hardware-assisted generation and decoding of Precision Time Protocol (PTP) as defined in IEEE 1588-2008
- Operation and equipment connection to the network is as any IEEE 1588 Ordinary Clock (Ethernet endpoint operation modes or IP endpoint, TX/RX port mode)
- Both Master and Slave operations are supported in endpoint mode. Ability to force Slave role
- Encapsulations: PTP over UDP over IPv4 (IP Endpoint mode) as defined in IEEE 1588-2008 Annex D, PTP over IEEE 802.3 / Ethernet defined in IEEE 1588-2008 Annex F

### 18.2 Results

- Presentation of peer clock details: master identity, peer clock class, peer clock accuracy

- Master clock variance
- TX and RX PTP frame counts classified by frame type
- Sync Inter Packet Gap analysis: average and current
- *Sync delay*: current, min, max, average, st. deviation, range
- *Delay req.*: current, min, max, average, st. deviation, range
- Sync message Packet Delay Variation based on timestamps carried in Sync messages (or the Follow-up messages) and actual receiving times: Maximum, mean and current values.
- Round trip delay computed with the path delay mechanism: Histogram, current, minimum, maximum, mean values and standard deviation
- Path asymmetry: current, maximum and mean
- Wander metrics: TIE, MTIE and TDEV computed over the recovered clock
- Ethernet endpoint mode and IP endpoint mode with TX/RX port mode support full statistics presentation

## 19. USER INTERFACE

- Direct configuration and management in graphical mode using the keyboard and display of the instrument
- Remote access for configuration and management in graphical mode from remote IP site through the Ethernet interface of the control panel
- Remote access with command line (CLI) using of either Telnet or SSH offering for configuration, management and task automation
- Remote access via SNMP for configuration, management and integration
- VNC based remote control for any client supporting standard versions such as PC, iPad, iPhone, etc
- Remote connection with Password using public / private Ethernet, IP network including Internet.

## 20. PLATFORM

- Configuration and report storage and export through attached USB port
- TFT display true Color 4.3" LCD, 480 x 272px
- Dimensions: 223 mm x 144 mm x 65 mm
- Weight: 1.2 kg (with rubber boot)
- AD/DC adapter (220 V AC / 50-60 Hz)
- Li-ion batteries (operation time 8 - 10 hours)

